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ABN 26 004 782 996

NATA Accreditation No.: 61

TEST REPORT NO.: 23 – 0237

Report Date: 15th May 2023

Client: Firecrunch Australasia Pty Ltd

Address: Suite 19, Level 44, MLC Centre, 19 – 29 Martin Place,

Sydney, NSW, 2000

Attention: Peter Jones

By Email: peter@firecrunch.com.au

Sample(s): 1 x K Type Board

Sampled By: Client

Lab Number(s): 23/A/1933

Client Reference: FIRECRUNCH K TYPE (MgSO4) magnesium oxide sulphate

composite fire resistant cladding

Date Received: 11th May 2023

Analysis / Project: Asbestos and Chloride Analysis

Notes:

This laboratory was not involved with, consulted, or requested to undertake sampling of the specimens provided, and testing of those test specimens has been conducted as received in the laboratory.

Accordingly, no responsibility is taken for the integrity, authenticity, appropriateness, or representativeness, of any of the test specimens provided and this must be taken into account when reviewing, comparing or checking the test results published in this report.

Unless otherwise notified, all samples will be disposed of in three months from reporting date.

Yours faithfully,

Sharp and Howells Pty. Ltd.

Sean Caspar

BSc. Adv. Research (Hons.), MRACI.

Scientist

JKEllingsen.

Julia Ellingsen

BSc (Hons), MRACI, C.Chem.

Senior Scientist

SHARP & HOWELLS

1. INTRODUCTION:

We were requested to test a sample of Magnesium Oxide Sulphate board for asbestos and chloride content.

Sample Images (As Received):



(23/A/1933)

2. TESTING METHODOLOGY:

The following analyses were performed:

Asbestos Analysis was conducted according to AS 4964 – 2004 *Methodology for the qualitative identification of asbestos in bulk samples*. See appendix for Certificate of Analysis.

Chloride Analysis was conducted by acid extraction and subsequent Volhard titration.

3. RESULTS OF ANALYSIS:

Lab Number:	23/A/1933		
Sample Marked:	FIRECRUNCH K TYPE (MgSO4) magnesium oxide sulphate composite fire resistant cladding		
Sample Description:	White compacted board		
Asbestos Result:	Not Detected		
Chloride Content, % w/w:	0.045		



Certificate of Analysis

Environment Testing

Sharp and Howells P/L 46-54 Centre Way **Croydon South VIC 3136**





NATA Accredited Accreditation Number 1261 Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025—Testing NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration, inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention: Sean Caspar 988891-AID Report

Project Name

May 12, 2023 Received Date May 12, 2023 **Date Reported**

Methodology:

Ashestos Fibre Identification

Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 - 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques.

NOTE: Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.

Unknown Mineral **Fibres**

Mineral fibres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity.

NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an

independent technique.

Subsampling Soil Samples

The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All fibrous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a subsampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed.

NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be subsampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

Ronded ashestoscontaining material (ACM)

The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004.

NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk

materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.

Limit of Reporting

The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).

The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the likelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence NATA Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-NATA results shown with an asterisk).

NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 % " and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the WA DoH.

Report Number: 988891-AID



Environment Testing

Project Name

Project ID

Date Sampled May 12, 2023 Report 988891-AID

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
23/A/1933	23-My0030359	May 12, 2023	Approximate Sample 42g / 80 x 45 x 10mm Sample consisted of: Plasterboard-like sheet	No asbestos detected. Synthetic mineral fibres detected. Organic fibres detected. No trace asbestos detected.



Date Reported: May 12, 2023

Environment Testing

Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

DescriptionTesting SiteExtractedHolding TimeAsbestos - LTM-ASB-8020MelbourneMay 12, 2023Indefinite



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Sydney 179 Magowar Road Girraween NSW 2145 Tel: +61 2 9900 8400

Asbestos Absence /Presence

Χ

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Newcastle 1/2 Frost Drive Tel: +61 2 4968 8448 NATA# 1261

Mayfield West NSW 2304 NATA# 1261 Site# 1254 NATA# 1261 Site# 25403 NATA# 1261 Site# 18217 NATA# 1261 Site# 25466 NATA# 1261 Site# 20794 Site# 25079 & 25289

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NZBN: 9429046024954 Christchurch 43 Detroit Drive Rolleston,

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Company Name:

Project Name:

Address:

Sharp and Howells P/L 46-54 Centre Way

Crovdon South VIC 3136

Melbourne Laboratory - NATA # 1261 Site # 1254

Order No.:

Report #: 988891 Phone: 9850 9722 Fax: 9850 9733 Received: May 12, 2023 12:10 PM Due: May 12, 2023

35 O'Rorke Road

Tel: +64 9 526 45 51

Auckland 1061

IANZ# 1327

Auckland

Penrose,

Priority: Same day **Contact Name:** - Lab

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Savini Suduweli

Sample Detail

External Laboratory							
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID		
1	23/A/1933	May 12, 2023		Building Materials	M23-My0030359	х	
Test Counts							

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Environment Testing

Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary General

QC data may be available on request. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated

Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.

Information identified on this report with the colour blue indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results

This report replaces any interim results previously issued 5.

Holding Times

Please refer to the most recent version of the 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units

Percentage weight-for-weight basis, e.g. of asbestos in asbestos-containing finds in soil samples (% w/w) Airborne fibre filter loading as Fibres (N) per Fields counted (n) Airborne fibre reported concentration as Fibres per millilitre of air drawn over the sampler membrane (C) Mass, e.g. of whole sample (M) or asbestos-containing find within the sample (m) % w/w

F/fld

g, kg

Concentration in grams per kilogram Volume, e.g. of air as measured in AFM (**V** = **r** x **t**) g/kg L, mL

Airborne fibre sampling Flowrate as litres per minute of air drawn over the sampler membrane (r) Time (t), e.g. of air sample collection period L/min

min

Calculations

Airborne Fibre Concentration: $C = \left(\frac{A}{a}\right) \times \left(\frac{N}{p}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{t}\right) = K \times \left(\frac{N}{p}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{V}\right)$

Asbestos Content (as asbestos): $\% w/w = \frac{(m \times P_A)}{M}$

Weighted Average (of asbestos): $\%_{WA} = \sum_{x} \frac{(m \times P_A)_x}{x}$

Terms

Estimated percentage of asbestos in a given matrix. May be derived from knowledge or experience of the material, informed by HSG264 *Appendix* 2, else assumed to be 15% in accordance with WA DOH *Appendix* 2 (**P**_A). %asbestos

Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded (non-friable) condition. For the purposes of the ACM

NEPM and WA DOH, ACM corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm.

Asbestos Fines. Asbestos contamination within a soil sample, as defined by WA DOH. Includes loose fibre bundles and small pieces of friable and non-friable ΑF

material such as asbestos cement fragments mixed with soil. Considered under the NEPM as equivalent to "non-bonded / friable"

AFM Airborne Fibre Monitoring, e.g. by the MFM.

Amosite Asbestos Detected. Amosite may also refer to Fibrous Grunerite or Brown Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004. Amosite

AS

Asbestos Content (as asbestos) Total % w/w asbestos content in asbestos-containing finds in a soil sample (% w/w).

Chrysotile Chrysotile Asbestos Detected. Chrysotile may also refer to Fibrous Serpentine or White Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004

COC Chain of Custody

Crocidolite Crocidolite Asbestos Detected. Crocidolite may also refer to Fibrous Riebeckite or Blue Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

Dry Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis DS

Dispersion Staining. Technique required for Unequivocal Identification of asbestos fibres by PLM.

Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing material that is wholly or in part friable, including materials with higher asbestos content with a propensity to become friable with handling, and any material that was previously non-friable and in a severely degraded condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, FA FA

generally corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm, although FA may be more difficult to visibly distinguish and may be assessed as AF.

Fibre Count Total of all fibres (whether asbestos or not) meeting the counting criteria set out in the NOHSC:3003

Fibre ID Fibre Identification. Unequivocal identification of asbestos fibres according to AS 4964-2004. Includes Chrysotile, Amosite (Grunerite) or Crocidolite asbestos. Friable

Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is

outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability

HSG248 UK HSE HSG248, Asbestos: The Analysts Guide, 2nd Edition (2021).

HSG264 UK HSE HSG264, Asbestos: The Survey Guide (2012)

ISO (also ISO/IEC) International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission.

Microscope constant (K) as derived from the effective filter area of the given AFM membrane used for collecting the sample (A) and the projected eyepiece K Factor

graticule area of the specific microscope used for the analysis (a).

LOR

NEPM (also ASC NEPM)

Date Reported: May 12, 2023

WA DOH

MFM (also NOHSC:3003) Membrane Filter Method. As described by the Australian Government National Occupational Health and Safety Commission. Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres, 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)].

National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, (2013, as amended).

Organic Fibres Detected. Organic may refer to Natural or Man-Made Polymeric Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004. Organic

PCM Phase Contrast Microscopy. As used for Fibre Counting according to the MFM.

Polarised Light Microscopy. As used for Fibre Identification and Trace Analysis according to AS 4964-2004. PLM Sampling Unless otherwise stated Eurofins are not responsible for sampling equipment or the sampling process

SMF Synthetic Mineral Fibre Detected. SMF may also refer to Man Made Vitreous Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

SRA

Trace Analysis Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres (particularly asbestos) in a given sample matrix.

UK HSE HSG United Kingdom, Health and Safety Executive, Health and Safety Guidance, publication,

Unidentified Mineral Fibre Detected. Fibrous minerals that are detected but have not been unequivocally identified by PLM with DS according the AS 4964-2004. UMF May include (but not limited to) Actinolite, Anthophyllite or Tremolite asbestos

> Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia (updated 2021), including Appendix Four: Laboratory analysis

Weighted Average Combined average % w/w asbestos content of all asbestos-containing finds in the given aliquot or total soil sample (%wA).

> Eurofins Environment Testing 6 Monterey Road, Dandenong South, Victoria, Australia 3175 ABN: 50 005 085 521 Telephone: +61 3 8564 5000

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Environment Testing

Comments

Sample Integrity

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	N/A
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Asbestos Counter/Identifier:

Hiren Patel Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Authorised by:

Zoe Burke Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Glenn Jackson

Glenn Jackson General Manager

Final Report - this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

Date Reported: May 12, 2023

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please $\underline{\text{click here.}}$

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Report Number: 988891-AID